

On characterizations of Input-to-State Stability for Infinite-Dimensional Systems

Andrii Mironchenko Fabian Wirth

Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
University of Passau, Germany

SIAM Conference on Control and Applications
Paris, France
8 July 2015

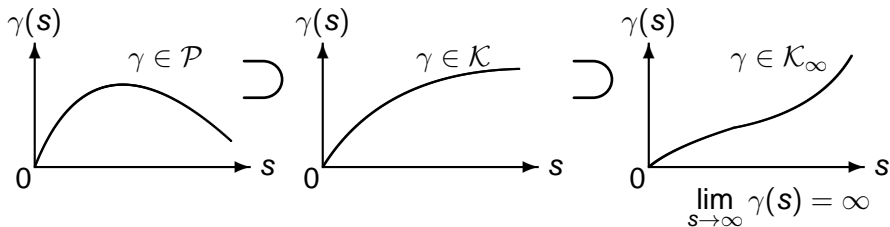
$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + f(x(t), u(t)), & x(t) \in D(A) \subset X, \\ x(0) = \phi_0. \end{cases}$$

- X = Banach space
- $\mathcal{U} = PC(\mathbb{R}_+, U)$
- A generates C_0 -semigroup T

$x \in C([0, T], X)$ is a **mild solution** iff

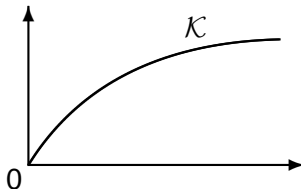
$$x(t) = T(t)\phi_0 + \int_0^t T(t-s)f(x(s), u(s))ds.$$

Comparison functions

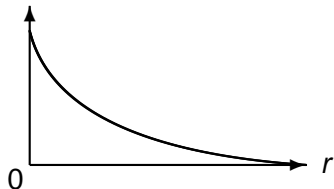


$\beta \in \mathcal{KL}$

$\beta(s, \cdot)$



$\beta(\cdot, r)$



Input-to-state stability

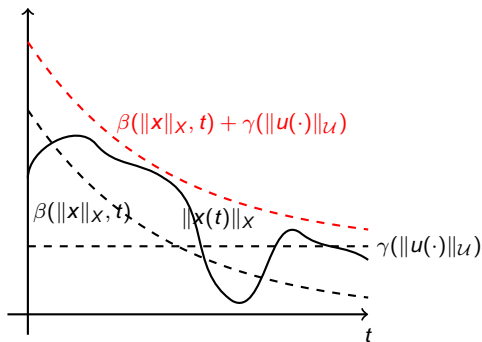
Definition (ISS)

ISS $:\Leftrightarrow \exists \beta \in \mathcal{KL}, \gamma \in \mathcal{K}_\infty: \forall t, \mathbf{x}, u$

$$\|\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, u)\|_X \leq \beta(\|\mathbf{x}\|_X, t) + \gamma(\|u(\cdot)\|_U). \quad (1)$$

LISS $:\Leftrightarrow \exists \beta \in \mathcal{KL}, \gamma \in \mathcal{K}_\infty, r > 0:$

(1) holds for $\mathbf{x} : \|\mathbf{x}\|_X \leq r, u : \|u\|_U \leq r, \forall t.$



Definition (GAS uniform w.r.t. state (0-UGASs))

0-UGASs $:\Leftrightarrow \exists \beta \in \mathcal{KL}: \forall t, \mathbf{x}$

$$\|\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{0})\|_{\mathcal{X}} \leq \beta(\|\mathbf{x}\|_{\mathcal{X}}, t).$$

Definition (Asymptotic Gain)

AG $:\Leftrightarrow \exists \gamma \in \mathcal{K}_{\infty}: \forall \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}$

$$\limsup_{t \rightarrow \infty} \|\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u})\|_{\mathcal{X}} \leq \gamma(\|\mathbf{u}(\cdot)\|_{\mathcal{U}}).$$

Definition (Global stability)

GS $:\Leftrightarrow \exists \sigma, \gamma \in \mathcal{K}_{\infty}: \forall t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}$

$$\|\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u})\|_{\mathcal{X}} \leq \sigma(\|\mathbf{x}\|_{\mathcal{X}}) + \gamma(\|\mathbf{u}(\cdot)\|_{\mathcal{U}}).$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) &= \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}(t), \mathbf{u}(t)), \\ \mathbf{x}(0) &= \phi_0,\end{aligned}$$

Definition

$V : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ is **ISS-Lyapunov function** iff $\exists \psi_1, \psi_2 \in \mathcal{K}_\infty, \sigma, \alpha \in \mathcal{K}$:

- $\psi_1(\|\mathbf{x}\|_X) \leq V(\mathbf{x}) \leq \psi_2(\|\mathbf{x}\|_X)$
- $\dot{V}_u(\mathbf{x}) \leq -\alpha(V(\mathbf{x})) + \sigma(\|\mathbf{u}(0)\|_U),$

$$\dot{V}_u(\mathbf{x}) = \overline{\lim}_{t \rightarrow +0} \frac{1}{t} (V(\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u})) - V(\mathbf{x})).$$

Theorem

\exists (L)ISS Lyapunov function \Rightarrow (L)ISS

$$\dot{x} = f(x, u)$$

(ODE)

Theorem (Characterizations of ISS (Sontag, Wang))

For (ODE) the following statements are equivalent:

- 1 ISS
- 2 \exists ISS-LF
- 3 AG+ GS
- 4 AG + 0-UGASs
- 5 AG + LISS
- 6 ...

- E. D. Sontag and Y. Wang. On characterizations of the input-to-state stability property. Sys. & Cont. Letters, 1995.
- E. D. Sontag and Y. Wang. New characterizations of input-to-state stability. IEEE TAC, 1996.

$$\dot{x} = f(x, u) \quad (\text{ODE})$$

Lemma (Sontag, Wang, IEEE TAC, 1996)

For (ODE) if

- *Let f be Lipschitz w.r.t. x uniformly w.r.t. u .*
- *Let $f(x, \cdot)$ be continuous for all x .*

Then

$$0\text{-UGASS} \Rightarrow \text{LISS}$$

$$\dot{x} = f(x, u) \quad (\text{ODE})$$

Lemma (Sontag, Wang, IEEE TAC, 1996)

For (ODE) if

- Let f be Lipschitz w.r.t. x uniformly w.r.t. u .
- Let $f(x, \cdot)$ be continuous for all x .

Then

$$0\text{-UGASs} \Rightarrow \text{LISS}$$

Does
0-UGASs \Rightarrow LISS
hold in ∞ -dimensions?

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + k|u(t)|} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^{\infty} : \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + k|u(t)|} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^{\infty} : \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

- $u \equiv 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, x, 0)\|_X \leq e^{-t} \|x\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{0-UGASs}$
- $\forall u \in \mathcal{U} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq \|x\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{GS with zero gain}$
- AG with zero gain

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + k|u(t)|} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(\mathbf{x}_k)_{k=1}^{\infty} : \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

- $u \equiv 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, 0)\|_X \leq e^{-t} \|\mathbf{x}\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad 0\text{-UGASs}$
- $\forall u \in \mathcal{U} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, \mathbf{x}, u)\|_X \leq \|\mathbf{x}\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{GS with zero gain}$
- AG with zero gain

But it is not LISS!

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + k|u(t)|} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^{\infty} : \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

- $u \equiv 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, x, 0)\|_X \leq e^{-t} \|x\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad 0\text{-UGASs}$
- $\forall u \in \mathcal{U} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq \|x\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{GS with zero gain}$
- AG with zero gain

But it is not LISS!

0-UGASs + AG $\not\Rightarrow$ LISS

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + k|u(t)|} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^{\infty} : \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

- $u \equiv 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, x, 0)\|_X \leq e^{-t} \|x\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad 0\text{-UGASs}$
- $\forall u \in \mathcal{U} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq \|x\|_X \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{GS with zero gain}$
- AG with zero gain

But it is not LISS!

Can we fix it?

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + f(x(t), u(t))$$

Theorem (Converse LISS Lyapunov theorem)

- $\forall C > 0 \exists K(C) > 0: \quad \|x\|_X \leq C \text{ and } \|y\|_X \leq C \quad \Rightarrow$

$$\|f(y, v) - f(x, v)\|_X \leq L_f(C) \|y - x\|_X.$$

- $f(x, \cdot)$ is continuous for all $x \in X$.
- $\exists \sigma \in \mathcal{K}$ and $\rho > 0: \quad \|v\|_U \leq \rho \text{ and } \|x\|_X \leq \rho \quad \Rightarrow$

$$\|f(x, v) - f(x, 0)\|_X \leq \sigma(\|v\|_U).$$



0-UASs $\Leftrightarrow \exists$ 0-UAS LF $\Leftrightarrow \exists$ LISS-LF \Leftrightarrow LISS

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + |u(t)|^k} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^\infty : \sum_{k=1}^\infty |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + |u(t)|^k} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^\infty : \sum_{k=1}^\infty |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

- $u \equiv 0 \Rightarrow \|\phi(t, x, 0)\|_X \leq e^{-t} \|x\|_X \Rightarrow$ 0-UGASs
- $\forall u \in \mathcal{U} \Rightarrow \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq \|x\|_X \Rightarrow$ GS with zero gain
- $\|u\|_{\mathcal{U}} \leq 1 \Rightarrow \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \|x\|_X \Rightarrow$ LISS
- AG with zero gain

$$\dot{x}_k(t) = -\frac{1}{1 + |u(t)|^k} x_k(t)$$

- $X = l_1 := \{(x_k)_{k=1}^\infty : \sum_{k=1}^\infty |x_k| < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{U} := PC(\mathbb{R}_+, \mathbb{R})$

- $u \equiv 0 \Rightarrow \|\phi(t, x, 0)\|_X \leq e^{-t} \|x\|_X \Rightarrow$ 0-UGASs
- $\forall u \in \mathcal{U} \Rightarrow \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq \|x\|_X \Rightarrow$ GS with zero gain
- $\|u\|_{\mathcal{U}} \leq 1 \Rightarrow \|\phi(t, x, u)\|_X \leq e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \|x\|_X \Rightarrow$ LISS
- AG with zero gain

But it is not ISS!

AG + GS + 0-UGASs + LISS $\not\Rightarrow$ ISS

We discussed

- Uniformity matters!
- Certain uniformity of rhs \Rightarrow 0-UAS = LISS = \exists LISS-LF
- AG + GS + 0-UGASs + LISS $\not\Rightarrow$ ISS

We discussed

- Uniformity matters!
- Certain uniformity of rhs \Rightarrow 0-UAS = LISS = \exists LISS-LF
- AG + GS + 0-UGASs + LISS $\not\Rightarrow$ ISS

We could discuss

- AG + GS and AG + 0-UGASs are different notions
- AG + LS $\not\Rightarrow$ AG + GS
- Characterizations of ISS
- A notion of weak ISS and its characterizations

We discussed

- Uniformity matters!
- Certain uniformity of rhs \Rightarrow $0\text{-UAS} = \text{LISS} = \exists \text{ LISS-LF}$
- $\text{AG} + \text{GS} + 0\text{-UGASs} + \text{LISS} \not\equiv \text{ISS}$

We could discuss

- $\text{AG} + \text{GS}$ and $\text{AG} + 0\text{-UGASs}$ are different notions
- $\text{AG} + \text{LS} \not\equiv \text{AG} + \text{GS}$
- Characterizations of ISS
- A notion of weak ISS and its characterizations

www.mironchenko.com

